Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, Vol. 43, p. 319, 1992 Printed in the U.S.A. All rights reserved. 0091-3057/92 \$5.00 + .00 Copyright © 1992 Pergamon Press Ltd.

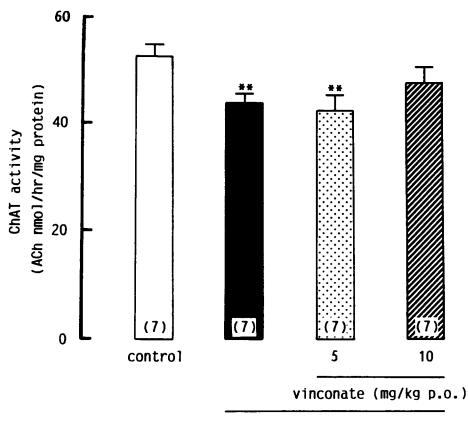
ERRATUM

KINOSHITA, H., T. KAMEYAMA, T. HASEGAWA AND T. NABESHIMA. Effects of vinconate, a novel vinca alkaloid, on spatial learning deficits induced by the basal forebrain lesion in rats. PHARMACOL BIOCHEM BEHAV 42(1) 19-23, 1992. –

The numerical values in the vertical axis in Figure 3 of the above-referenced article were not properly represented in the original publication.

For the reader's convenience, Figure 3 appears in its correct form below.

We regret any inconvenience caused by this error.



BF-lesioned

FIG. 3. Effect of vinconate on the decrease in ChAT activity in the frontoparietal cortex induced by the basal forebrain (BF) lesion in rats. The rat was sacrificed by decapitation 24 h after the 14th administration. Each column indicates the mean \pm SEM. **p < 0.01; compared with the control group (Tukey's test). \Box = control (n = 14); \blacksquare BF-lesioned (n = 14); \boxdot BF-lesioned + vinconate (5 mg/kg) (n = 14); \bowtie BF-lesioned + vinconate (10 mg/kg) (n = 14).